



Develop and Implement Properly Curriculum Revision Based on OBE Framework and AUN-QA Criteria

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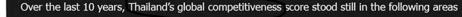
AUN-QA Council member, Expert and Lead assessor



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The Rabbit and Turtle:

A Tale of Missed Opportunities for Thailand?



and training



Higher education

Market labor efficiency

WORLD BANK GROUP

SOURCE: Thailand Systematic Country Diagnostic 2016, World Bank For more information, visit: www.worldbank.org/thailand



Innovation



Jack Ma gives speech at Hong Kong University, May 22, 2018

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v= fnk e9MoyLY&feature=youtu.be

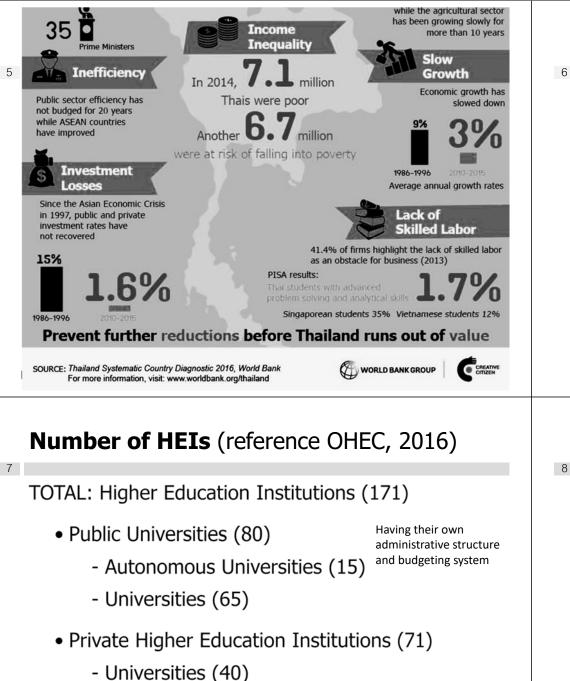
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institutions

3

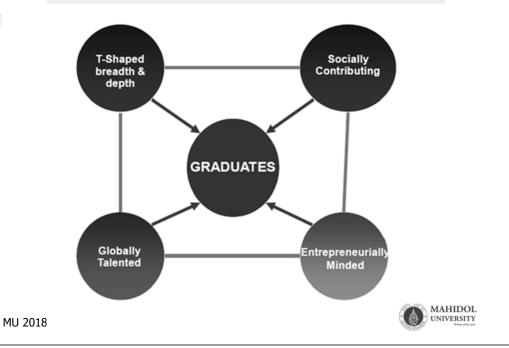


- Institutions (9)
- Colleges (22)

MU 20 Community Colleges (20)



Graduates in 21st Century



Student Number

- 8
- Student number: 2,430,000 (reference year: 2011, source: UNESCO 2014)
- Incoming students: 20,155 (reference year: 2011, source: UNESCO 2014)
- Outgoing students: 25,195 (reference year: 2011, source: UNESCO 2014)

Student Number: OHEC

Year 2013 – 2,298,000 Year 2012 – 2,222,000 Year 2011 – 2,150,000



National Education Reform 1999

9

• The 1999 National Education Act Revised 2002: Chapter 6 Educational Standards and Quality Assurance, Section 47: QA System IQA & EQA

QA System	Responsible Organization	Process
IQA	OHEC	Establishing IQA systems and undertaking internal reviews
EQA	ONESQA	Conducting external assessment

ONESQA - Office for National Education Standards and Quality Assessment

Internal Quality Assessment System

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IQA System	Assessment Level	Frequency
OHEC-QA	Uni / Fac level	OHEC - Annually
EdPEx	Uni / Fac level	Annually
*CUPT-QA	Uni / Fac level	?
OHEC-QA	Programme Level	OHEC - Annually
CUPT-QA	Programme Level	?
AACSB	Programme Level	International Accreditation
ABET	Programme Level	International Accreditation
WFME	Programme Level	International Accreditation

Revolution of EQA

- 10
 - The first round of assessment (2001-2005): 8 standards and 28 indicators.
 - The second round of assessment (2006-2010) 7 standards and 48 indicators.
 - The third round of assessment (2011-2015) 6 standards and 18 indicators.
 - The fourth round of assessment (2016-2020) 5 standards and 11 indicators.

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Professional Bodies (16)

2

National professional council or National professional committee

- Approve a programme (new/revision)
- Professional certificate and/or License for Professional Practice



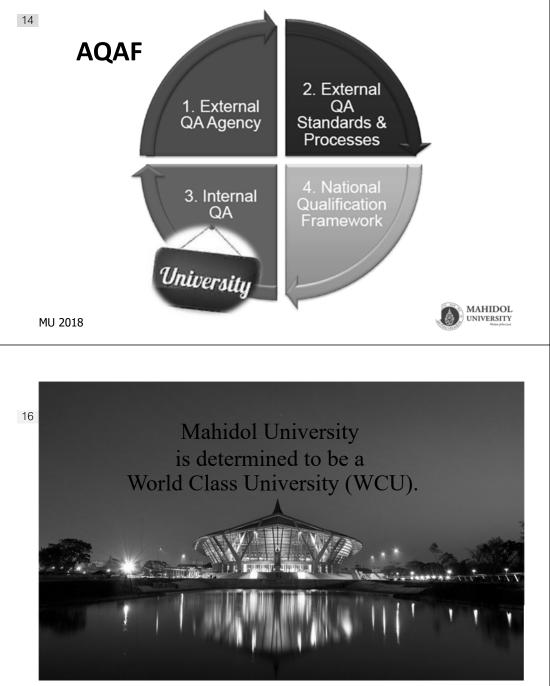
Thailand NQF, 2017.....TQF - V2

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- Align with AQRF (ASEAN Qualification Reference Framework)
- 3 Domains of Learning Outcomes
 - (1) Knowledge
 - (2) Skills
 - (3) Application and Responsibility
- 8 Educational Levels

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ASEAN Qualification Assurance Framwork





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TEACHING

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WORLD CLASS EXCELLEN

WORLD CLASS

THE UNIVERSITY INTERNATION

45EARCH

APPROACH TO RANKING

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UNIVERSITIES

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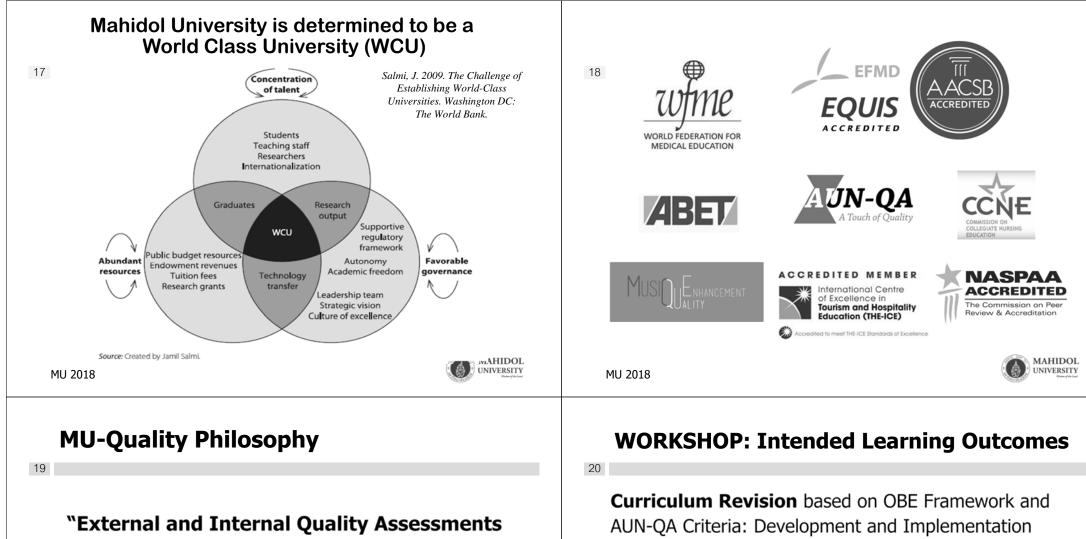
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- Formulate and Write the statement of Expected Learning Outcomes (ELOs)
 - **Curriculum Design** Using Backward design Technique
 - **Translate** ELOs to programme structure and content
 - **Formulate** properly the Course Learning Outcomes (CLOs)





is a tool to review and improve the quality of

education programme, research and services

of the institution."

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Workshop:

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- E1: Formulating Expected Learning Outcomes (ELOs)
- E2: Backward curriculum design
- E3: Construct a programme structure and curriculum map
- E4: Formulation of course learning outcomes (CLOs)

What is outcome-based education?

22

Outcome-based education (OBE)

is a **learner-centered** learning philosophy that focuses on measuring students' performance (the intended learning outcomes). OBE itself is **not a teaching style** or method, it is a principle for **designing your teaching** in an effective way that enables learning happen and helps students to achieve the intended learning outcomes. Therefore, what matters most in OBE is "what is learnt" rather than "what is taught".

MAHIDOL http://celt.ust.hk/learner-centered-course-design UNIVERSITY MU 2018

OBE Concept

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Expected Learning Outcomes

Statements specifying what the learners will know and be able to do at the end of the programme.

> Student-Centered Learning

Learning Activities

The teaching and learning methods which the teachers use to achieve each of the Learning Outcomes. Students will know exactly why they are being asked to engage in certain teaching and learning activities in their courses.

Assessments

An on-going process aims improving students' learning by measuring the learning outcomes they have achieved. Feedback will be given so that students know what they need to do in order to get better grades.





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OBE Model

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"Product (ELOs) defines process (SCL)"

Harden RM, et.al. Med Teacher 21(1): 7–14, 1999

Expected Learning Outcomes (ELOs) is what

the student should be able to know, understand and to do at the end of the programme.

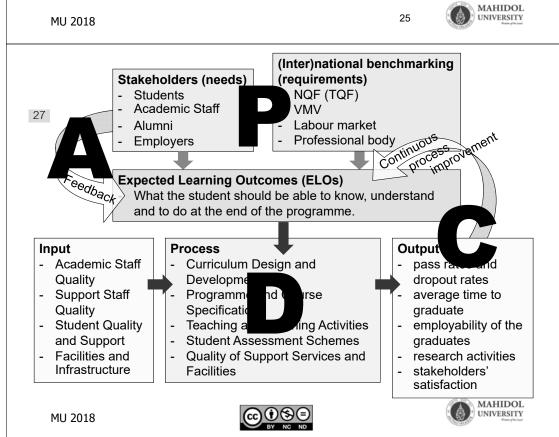
SCL: "Student-Centered-Learning"

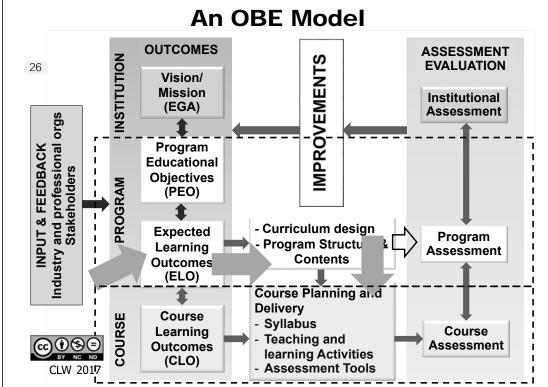
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Key Concepts and Principles of OBE

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- Focus on results of learning (ELOs)
- **Backwards curriculum design** design down (from the performances expected of graduates) and deliver up.
- Create learning opportunities to help different learners achieve learning outcomes
- **Design student assessment** to ensure that they are achieved all ELOs
- **Constructive alignment** (assessment learning activities learning outcomes)





AUN-QA Model at Programme Level

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- Design based on OBE Framework
- PDCA Approach to Assessment
- Principles-based assessment system designed for Improvement to Best practice



Guide to AUN Actual Quality Assessment at Programme Level (3rd Version, 2015)

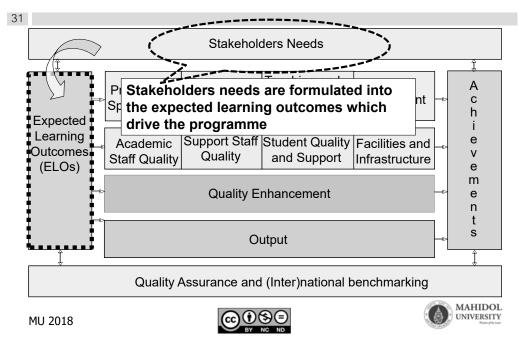


- ADDREED ALLOW A ASSESSMENT AT PROCE MUME LEVEL VERSION 30
- Criteria and assessment process of AUN Actual Quality Assessment at Programme Level
- Associated resources (templates and samples)
- 3rd version will be effective from January 2017

http://www.aunsec.org/pdf/Guide%20to%20AUN-QA%20Assessment%20at%20Programme%20Level% 20Version%203_2015.pdf

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Started with Expected Learning Outcomes



Criteria

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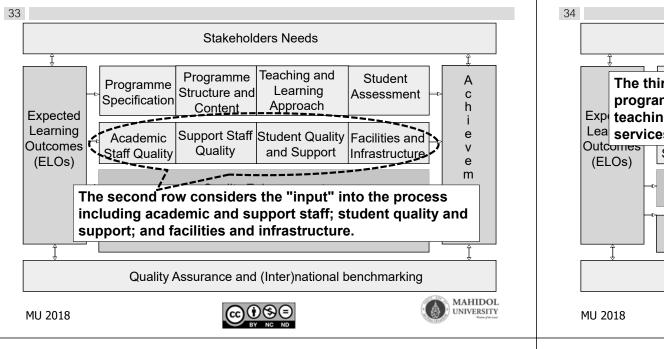
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- 1. Expected Learning Outcomes
- 2. Programme Specification
- 3. Programme Structure and Content
- 4. Teaching and Learning Approach
- 5. Student Assessment
- 6. Academic Staff Quality
- 7. Support Staff Quality
- 8. Student Quality and Support
- 9. Facilities and Infrastructure
- 10. Quality Enhancement
- 11.Output

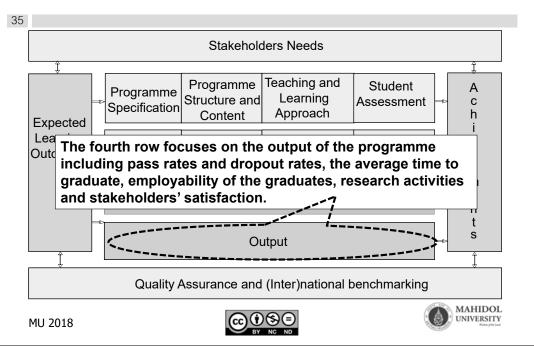


The first row 32 Stakeholders Needs Programme |Teaching and Student A Programme Learning Structure and Assessn С Specification Approach Content h Expected Learning Academic Support Staff Student Quality Facilities and Outcomes How the expected learning outcomes are translated (ELOs) into the programme and how they can be achieved via teaching and learning approach and student assessment. s Output Quality Assurance and (Inter)national benchmarking MAHIDOL INIVERSITY MU 2018

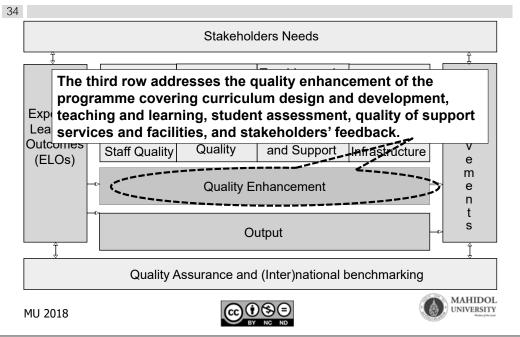
The second row



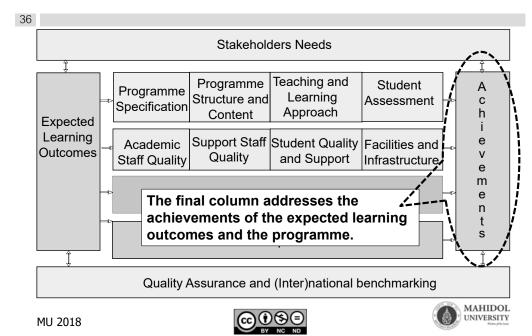
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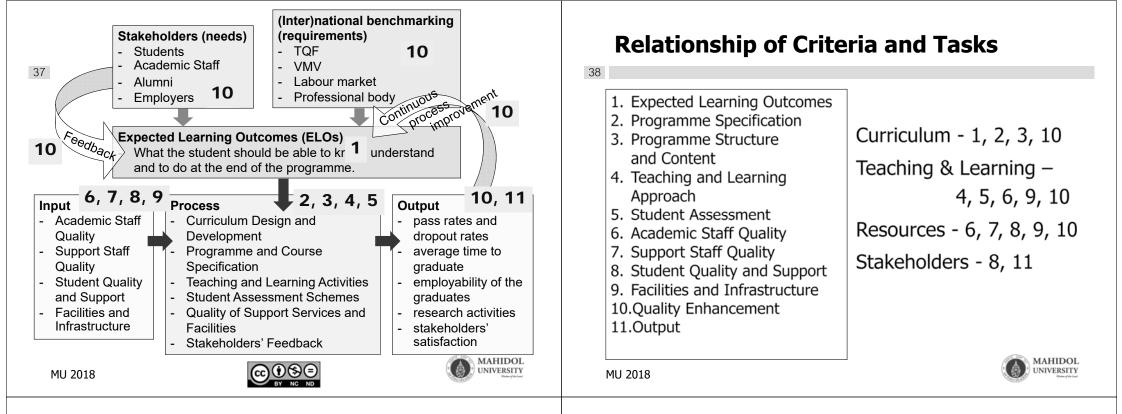


Third row



The final column





5 Basic steps in a curriculum design based on OBE

Clearly defining the Expected Learning Outcomes

Backward Curriculum designed to align with ELOs

Construct Program Structure and Content that the sequence and integration are achieved.

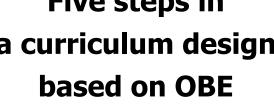


Review Program Constructive Alignment to ensure the ELOs can be achieved





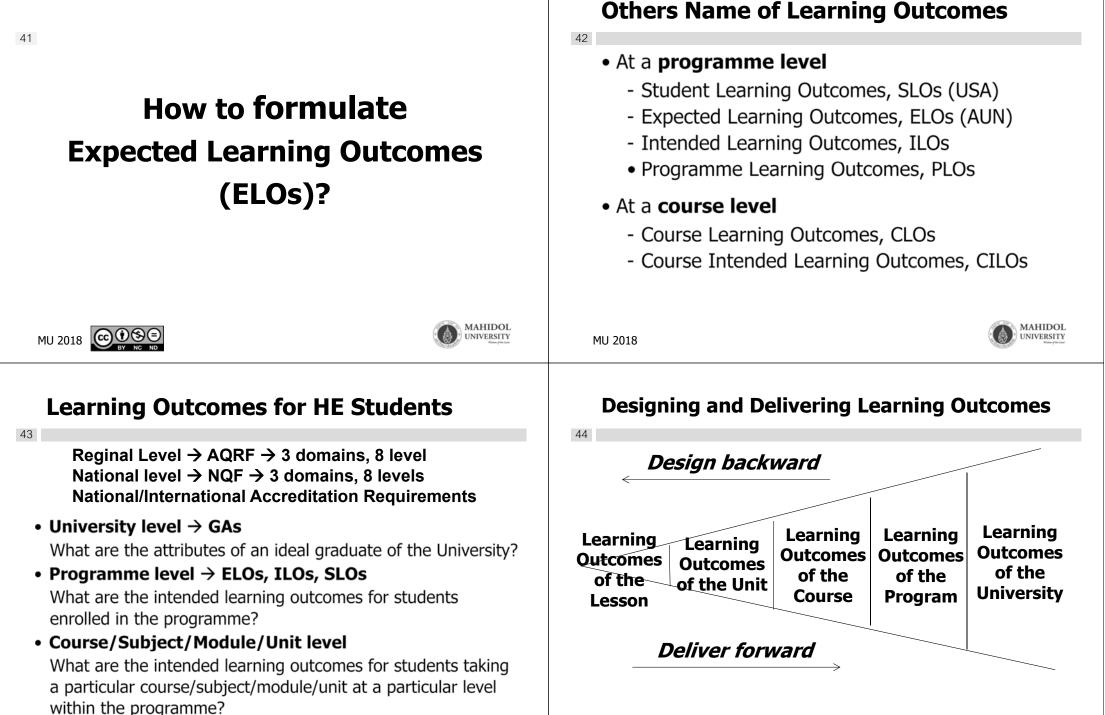
Five steps in a curriculum design based on OBE





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Expected learning outcomes

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- The ELO (Student Learning Outcomes) is the starting point of the Curriculum design and improvement.
- ELO is what the student should be able **to know**, **understand** and **to do** at the end of the programme.
- EOLs should be formulated from the requirements of the stakeholders.
- ELOs should be written in a way where **learning is** translated into observable and measurable results which can be demonstrated and assessed.

Learning Outcomes (EQF 2008)

- 46
 - Learning outcomes means statements of what a learner knows, understands and is able to do on completion of a learning process, which are defined in terms of knowledge, skills and competence.

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Student Outcomes (ABET 2017-2018)

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Student outcomes describe what students are expected to know and be able to do by the time of graduation. These relate to the skills, knowledge, and behaviors that students acquire as they progress through the program.

- Knowledge means the body of <u>facts</u>, <u>principles</u>, <u>theories and practices</u> that is related to a field of work or study.
 - Skills means the ability to apply knowledge and use know-how to complete tasks and solve problems. Skills are described as <u>cognitive</u> (involving the use of logical, intuitive and creative thinking) or <u>practical</u> (involving manual dexterity and the use of methods, materials, tools and instruments).



 Competence means the proven <u>ability to use</u> <u>knowledge</u>, <u>skills</u> and <u>personal</u>, <u>social and/or</u> <u>methodological abilities</u>, in work or study situations and in professional and personal development.





Thailand NQF, 2017......TQF - V2

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- Align with AQRF (ASEAN Qualification Reference Framework)
- 3 Domains of Learning Outcomes
 - (1) Knowledge
 - (2) Skills
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- 8 Educational Levels



ASEAN Qualifications Reference Framework, AQRF

http://asean.org/storage/2017/03/ED-02-ASEAN-Qualifications-Reference-Framework-January-2016.pdf

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- The AQRF is based on broad level descriptors (<u>2 domains</u>) which include <u>eight levels</u> of complexity of learning outcomes.
- The level descriptors include the **notion of competence**, which is the ability that extends beyond the possession of knowledge and skills. It includes:
 - Cognitive competence
 - Functional competence (skills or know-how)
 - Personal competence
 - Ethical competence





AQRF

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- The level descriptors include two domains
 - Knowledge and Skills
 - Application and Responsibility

The Knowledge and Skills domain includes the various kinds of knowledge such as facts and theories as well as the skills used, such as practical and cognitive skills.

The Application and Responsibility domain defines the context in which the knowledge and skills are used in practice as well as the level of independence including the capacity to make decisions and the responsibility for oneself and others.

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Australian Qualifications Framework Second Edition January 2013 https://www.aqf.edu.au/sites/aqf/files/aqf-2nd-edition-january-2013.pdf

AQF level 7	' criteria
Summary	Graduates at this level will have broad and coherent knowledge and skills for professional work and/or further learning
Knowledge	Graduates at this level will have broad and coherent theoretical and technical knowledge with depth in one or more disciplines or areas of practice
Skills	 Graduates at this level will have well-developed cognitive, technical and communication skills to select and apply methods and technologies to: analyse and evaluate information to complete a range of activities analyse, generate and transmit solutions to unpredictable and sometimes complex problems transmit knowledge, skills and ideas to others
Application of knowledge and skills	 Graduates at this level will apply knowledge and skills to demonstrate autonomy, well-developed judgement and responsibility: in contexts that require self-directed work and learning within broad parameters to provide specialist advice and functions



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		Knowledge and Skills	Application and Responsibility
54		Demonstration of knowledge and skills that:	The contexts in which knowledge and skills are demonstrated:
	Level 8	 is at the most advanced and specialised level and at the frontier of a field involve independent and original thinking and research, resulting in the creation of new knowledge or practice 	 are highly specialised and complex involving the development and testing of new theories and new solutions to resolve complex, abstract issues require authoritative and expert judgment in management of research or an organisation and significant responsibility for extending professional knowledge and practice and creation of new ideas and or processes.
	Level 7	 is at the forefront of a field and show mastery of a body of knowledge involve critical and independent thinking as the basis for research to extend or redefine knowledge or practice 	 are complex and unpredictable and involve the development and testing of innovative solutions to resolve issues require expert judgment and significant responsibility for professional knowledge, practice and management
	Level 6	 is specialised technical and theoretical within a specific field involve critical and analytical thinking 	 are complex and changing require initiative and adaptability as well as strategies to improve activities and to solve complex and abstract issues

Learning Outcomes of Masters Degree specified in AQF

56	Australian Qualifications Framework Second Edition January 2013 https://www.aqf.edu.au/sites/aqf/files/aqf-2nd-edition-january-2013.pdf
AQF level 9	criteria
Summary	Graduates at this level will have specialised knowledge and skills for research, and/or professional practice and/or further learning
Knowledge	Graduates at this level will have advanced and integrated understanding of a complex body of knowledge in one or more disciplines or areas of practice
Skills	 Graduates at this level will have expert, specialised cognitive and technical skills in a body of knowledge or practice to independently: analyse critically, reflect on and synthesise complex information, problems, concepts and theories research and apply established theories to a body of knowledge or practice interpret and transmit knowledge, skills and ideas to specialist and non-specialist audiences
Application of knowledge and skills	Graduates at this level will apply knowledge and skills to demonstrate autonomy, expert judgement, adaptability and responsibility as a practitioner or learner



Learning Outcomes of Doctoral Degree specified in AQF

AQF level 1	
Summary	Graduates at this level will have systematic and critical understanding of a complex field of learning and specialised research skills for the advancement of learning and/or for professional practice
Knowledge	Graduates at this level will have systemic and critical understanding of a substantial and complex body or knowledge at the frontier of a discipline or area of professional practice
Skills	 Graduates at this level will have expert, specialised cognitive, technical and research skills in a discipline area to independently and systematically: engage in critical reflection, synthesis and evaluation develop, adapt and implement research methodologies to extend and redefine existing knowledge or professional practice disseminate and promote new insights to peers and the community generate original knowledge and understanding to make a substantial contribution to a discipline or area of professional practice
Application of knowledge and skills	Graduates at this level will apply knowledge and skills to demonstrate autonomy, authoritative judgement, adaptability and responsibility as an expert and leading practitioner or scholar

Categories of Learning Outcomes (AUN-QA)

• Specific outcomes:

The outcomes that relate to the subject discipline and the knowledge, skills and/or competences particular to it.

Generic outcomes
 (sometimes called transferable skills)

The outcomes that relate to any and all disciplines e.g. written, oral, problem-solving, information technology, and team working skills, etc.

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Generic learning outcomes (AQF)

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Generic learning outcomes are the transferrable, non discipline specific skills a graduate may achieve through learning that have application in study, work and life contexts. The four broad categories of generic learning outcomes recognised in the AQF are:

- **fundamental skills**, such as literacy and numeracy appropriate to the level and qualification type
- people skills, such as working with others and communication skills
- **thinking skills**, such as learning to learn, decision making and problem solving
- personal skills, such as self direction and acting with integrity.

Aims (Goals), Objectives and LOs



Aims (Goals), Objectives and LOs

Aims (Goals) or objectives are more concerned with teaching, the <u>teacher's intentions</u> and the management of learning.

Learning outcomes are concerned with the <u>achievements or results of the learner</u> rather than the intentions of the teacher.

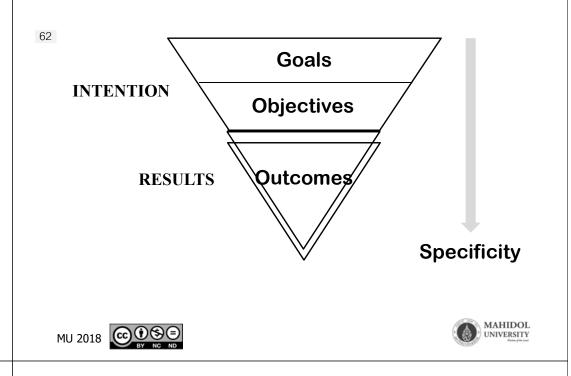


Translate Goals (Aims) and Objectives to ELO

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- **Goals/Aim** "To implement the undergraduate education to master the concepts of modern biology".
- **Objectives** "To empower community through the application of modern biological innovations"
- **Learning outcome** "Students should be able to **apply** the modern biological innovations underpinning the use of molecular biology to community.



How do I change my Programme or Course Objectives to Learning Outcomes?

The short answer is to complete one of the following statements:

- At the end of this course, **students** should be able to
- On successful completion of this course, **students** will be able to

By using such a stem, *the focus is turned to the student and what they will be able to do*.



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What is yours ...

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- What is your Programme Goals or Aims?
 (a broad general statement of teaching intention)
- What is your Programme Objectives?
 (a specific statement of teaching intention)

Group discussion: min

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SMART

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SMART helps to check an LO that required characteristics:

- **Specific**: accurately states what the successful student is expected to achieve
- <u>Measurable</u>: open to assessment which accurately assesses whether or not the outcome has been achieved
- <u>Achievable</u>: should be within the range of abilities of the student
- <u>R</u>elevant: should be relatable to the key aims of the programme
- <u>Time scaled</u>: must be achievable within the duration of the study-unit/programme

Easy Syntax..... ELO Statement

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<u>Syntex</u>

- (a) Action verb (Educational Taxonomy)
 - + Objects + Modification (T&L/Assessment)

Graduates of our program shall have:

(a) an ability to design + a system, component, or process + to meet desired needs within realistic constraints such as economic, environmental, social, political, ethical, health and safety, manufacturability, and sustainability

ØLLW20085

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Recommended Verbs for Writing Learning Outcomes

COGNITIVE (K)

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REMEMBER	UNDERSTAND	APPLY	ANALYZE	EVALUATE	CREATE
Retrieve knowledge from long-term memory	Construct meaning from instructional messages, including oral, written, graphic communication	Carry out/use procedure in a given situation	Break material into constituent parts; determine how parts relate to one another and to an overall structure or purpose	Make judgments based on criteria and standards	Put elements together to form coherent or functional whole; reorganize elements into a new pattern or structure
Sample Verbs:	Sample Verbs:	Sample Verbs:	Sample Verbs:	Sample Verbs:	Sample Verbs:
 Define Describe Label List Match Recall Recognize State 	Classify Compare Discuss Exemplify Explain Identify Illustrate Infer Interpret Predict Report Review Summarize Translate	Apply Change Choose Demonstrate Execute Implement Prepare Solve Use	Analyze Attribute Debate Differentiate Distinguish Examine Organize Research	Appraise Check Critique Judge	Compose Construct Create Design Develop Formulate Generate Invent Make Organize Plan Produce Propose

(Adapted from BCIT (2003) and PATE Module on Assessment and Evaluation)

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PSYCHOMOTOR (S)

PERCEIVE	SET	RESPOND AS GUIDED	ACT	RESPOND OVERTLY	ADAPT	ORGANIZE
Senses cues that guide motor activity	Is mentally, emotionally, physically ready to act	Imitates and practices skills	Performs acts with increasing efficiency, confidence, ad proficiency	Performs acts automatically	Adapts skill sets to solve a problem	Creates new patterns for specific situations
Sample Verbs:	Sample Verbs:	Sample Verbs:	Sample Verbs:	Sample Verbs:	Sample Verbs:	Sample Verbs:
 Detect Differentiate Distinguish Identify Observe Recognize Relate Describe the perception Describe the sensation: Hear Listen See Smell Taste 	 Assume a stance Display Perform motor skills Position the body Proceed Show 	Copy Duplicate Imitate Operate under supervision Practice Repeat Reproduce	Assemble Calibrate Complete with confidence Conduct Construct Demonstrate Dismantle Fix Execute Improve efficiency Make Manipulate Measure Mend Organize Produce	Act habitually Control Direct Guide Manage Perform Note: Same verbs as "ACT", but with modifiers describing the performance, e.g., faster, better, more accurate, outstanding, etc.	 Adapt Alter Change Rearrange Reorganize Revises 	Arrange Build Compose Construct Create Design Originate Make

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Examples of Remembering/Understanding

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- Recall genetics terminology: homozygous, heterozygous, phenotype, genotype, etc.
- Identify and consider ethical implications of scientific investigations.
- List the criteria to be taken into account when caring for a patient with tuberculosis.
- Differentiate between civil and criminal law.
- Identify participants and goals in the development of electronic commerce.
- Predict the genotype of cells that undergo meiosis and mitosis.
- Classify reactions as exothermic and endothermic

Examples of Applying/Analyzing

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- Apply knowledge of infection control in the maintenance of patient care facilities.
- Relate energy changes to bond breaking and formation.
- Modify guidelines in a case study of a small manufacturing firm to enable tighter quality control of production.
- Analyse why society criminalises certain behaviours.
- Compare and contrast the different electronic business models.
- Debate the economic and environmental effects of energy conversion processes.

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(CHARACTERIZE

Sample Verbs

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Integrate the value into a

value system that controls

behavior

Act upon

Advocate

Exemplify

Influence

Perform

Practice

Serve

Support

Defend

Conceptualizes value and

resolves conflict between

Sample Verbs

this value and other

values

Adapt

Adjust

Arrange

Balance

Classify

Formulate

Organize

Prepare

Theorize

Rank

Conceptualize

AFFECTIVE (A)

VALUE

Attaches value or worth to

Sample Verbs

Assume responsibility

Behave according to

something

Adopt

Choose

Commit

Express

Justify

Propose

Show concern
Use resources to

Initiate

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RECEIVE

Selectively responds to stimuli

Sample Verbs

Demonstrate awareness

Demonstrate tolerance

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Acknowledge

Choose

Locate

Select

Responds to stimul

Answer

Comply

Contribute

Cooperate

Participate willingly

Discuss

Volunteer

Communicate

Sample Verbs

Examples of Evaluating/Creating

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- Recognise and formulate problems that are amenable to energy management solutions.
- Propose solutions to complex energy management problems both verbally and in writing.
- Relate the sign of enthalpy changes to exothermic and endothermic reactions.
- Organise a patient radiation protection procedure.
- Predict the effect of change of temperature on the position of equilibrium.

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AUN 1: Expected Learning Outcomes (3)

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1 Expected Learning Outcomes

- 1.1 The expected learning outcomes have been clearly formulated and aligned with the vision and mission of the university. [1,2]
- 1.2 The expected learning outcomes cover both subject specific and generic (i.e. transferable) learning outcomes. [3]
- 1.3 The expected learning outcomes clearly reflect the requirements of the stakeholders. [4]

CILW20085



1. Expected Learning Outcomes

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Requirements (4)

- The formulation of the expected learning outcomes takes into account and <u>reflects the</u> <u>vision and mission</u> of the institution. The vision and mission are explicit and known to staff and students.
- 2. The programme shows the expected learning outcomes of the graduate. Each <u>course and lesson</u> <u>should clearly be designed to achieve its expected</u> <u>learning outcomes</u> which should be <u>aligned to the</u> <u>programme expected learning outcomes</u>.



1. Expected Learning Outcomes

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Requirements (4)

- 3. The programme is designed to <u>cover both subject</u> <u>specific outcomes</u> that relate to the knowledge and skills of the subject discipline; and <u>generic</u> <u>(sometimes called transferable skills) outcomes</u> that relate to any and all disciplines e.g. written and oral communication, problem-solving, information technology, teambuilding skills, etc.
- 4. The programme has clearly formulated the expected learning outcomes which <u>reflect the</u> <u>relevant demands and needs of the stakeholders</u>.

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EX.: Goals (Objs) and Learning Outcomes

Instituti	Get 1 Having more international publication 2 Sutcome : Publish research paper in
Program	 an international journal. Obj 1 ive: Effective journal writing skills Obj 1 ive: Effective journal writing skills Obj 1 ive: Write properly the effective research paper for international journal.
Course	2 Sutcome : Write properly the effective research paper for international journal.
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Easy Syntax..... ELO Statement

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Graduates of our program shall have:

(c) an ability to design + a system, component, or process + to meet desired needs within realistic constraints such as economic, environmental, social, political, ethical, health and safety, manufacturability, and sustainability

Syntex

- (c) Action verb (Educational Taxonomy)
 - + Objects + Modification (T&L/Assessment)

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What is your ... ALIGNMENT

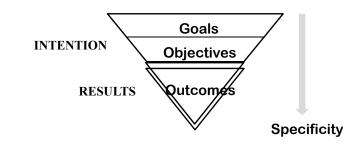


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- What is your Programme Aims?
 (a broad general statement of teaching intention)
- What is your Programme Objectives?
 (a specific statement of teaching intention)



Example

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• **Programme aims** to produce graduates who possess in-depth knowledge and skills for scientific decision making, and are able to construct models and analyse the problems accordingly. The possessed knowledge and skill should also be integrated in the other field areas such as economy, accounting and management.

12111/1220085

Business Administration Learning Outcomes

https://www.une.edu/cas/business/programs/business-administration/learningoutcomes

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- **Demonstrate foundational knowledge** in account, economics, finance, management, and marketing in application of concepts and theories.
- **Demonstrate effective skills** in written and oral communications using appropriate technologies.
- **Demonstrate an ability to integrate** the concepts of the core areas of business.
- **Demonstrate awareness** to the importance of the ethical requirements of business activities.
- **Demonstrate an ability to conduct** methodological, secondary research into business issues, which may relate to general business or to a specific business function, which requires familiarity with a range of data, research sources and appropriate methodologies.

Programme Learning Outcomes

LOD 1	Apply knowledge of mathematics, probability, statistics, operational research/decision science and operation management, as well as information and communication technology (ICT).
LOD 2	Design, model and solve real world and hypothetical problems, and thus able to analyse and interpret data using contemporary computer tools.
LOD 3	Use quantitative techniques, modelling skills and contemporary decision science tools for industries, public institution and society.
LOD 4 Communicate effectively orally, graphically and in writing, and function in culturally diverse, gender-diverse and multi-disciplinary teams.	
LOD 5	Integrate and synthesize organisational issues, and evaluate potential solutions in the broader context of the organisation or society.
LOD 6	Participate in lifelong learning, career advancement activities, and keep up-to-date with knowledge of emerging technologies.
LOD 7	Commercialise tangible and intangible decision making products, in the form of written, oral and electronic media.
LOD 8	Carry out professional and ethical responsibility.
LOD 9	Portray leadership and accountability, and exercising management and decision making skills.

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Civil Engineering, B.S.

1/3

http://www.csun.edu/engineering-computer-science/civil-engineering-constructionmanagement/ce-program-mission

⁸⁴ Program Mission

• To provide our students with a sound basic civil engineering education and to prepare them for entry into the professional practice of civil engineering, as well as to inculcate in them a recognition that civil engineering is a people serving profession. In keeping with these goals, we aim to develop in them an understanding that a successful professional career is one that addresses the needs of society and requires a lifetime of learning and leadership.

Program Educational Objectives

- To carry out the mission of the civil engineering program, the faculty have established the following educational objectives. During the first few years (1-5) following graduation, the graduates of the Civil Engineering program will have the following qualities:
- Graduates will accept increasing levels of responsibility over time and obtain their desired professional registration.
- Graduates will continue further studies in enginee ing and other professional disciplines as appropriate to their careers.
- Graduates will develop creative engineering solutions to project challenges that are cost effective and environmentally sensitive.



Student Outcomes

Graduates of our program shall have:

- ⁸⁵ (a) an ability to apply knowledge of mathematics, science, and engineering;
 - (b) an ability to conduct laboratory experiments and to critically analyze and interpret data in more than one of the recognized major civil engineering areas;
 - (c) an ability to design a system, component, or process to meet desired needs within realistic constrains such as economic, environmental, social, political, ethical, health and safety, manufacturability, and sustainability;
 - (d) an ability to function on multidisciplinary teams;
 - (e) an ability to identify, formulate, and solve engineering problems;
 - (f) an understanding of professional and ethical responsibilities;
 - (g) an ability to communicate effectively;
 - (h) the broad education necessary to understand the impact of engineering solutions in a global, economic, environmental, and societal context;

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MPA: http://www.depaul.edu/university-catalog/degree-requirements/ graduate/class/public-administration-mpa/Pages/learning-outcomes.aspx

- Clearly explain to stakeholders key public issues both orally and in writing and detail their impact on the public at large.
- **Distinguish the interactive roles** that government organizations play in the business and non-profit sectors in planning and delivering public services.
- **Develop a research** question regarding a governmental issue, collect relevant data, and resolve the question.
- **Apply leadership** theories and techniques in managing and governing a public organization.
- Use an ethical framework to anal, ze an ethical dilemma within the political context of a government institution.



Student Outcomes

- (i) a recognition of the need for, and an ability to engage in lifelong learning;
 - (j) a knowledge of contemporary issues;
 - (k) an ability to use the techniques, skills, and modern engineering tools necessary for engineering practice;
 - (I) apply knowledge in a minimum of four (4) recognized major civil engineering areas;
 - (m) an ability to perform civil engineering design by means of design experiences integrated throughout the professional component of the curriculum; and
 - (n) an understanding of professional practice issues such as: procurement of work; bidding versus quality based selection processes; how the design professionals and the construction professions interact to construct a project; the importance of professional licensure and continuing education; and/or other professional practice issues.

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Communication and Information Sciences Ph.D. Program

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- (SLO1) Demonstrate understanding of research methods and subject knowledge in the field of Communication and Information Sciences
- (SLO2) Synthesize diverse data, theories, and methods
- (SLO3) Demonstrate the ability to conduct research
- (SLO4) Propose and conduct original research
- (SLO5) Develop and articulate a professional identity as a contributing member of a research community





2/3

Ph.D. – Economic Programme

- SLO1. Demonstrate an ability to apply the economic theory and analytical and quantitative tools.
- SLO2. Demonstrate an ability to integrate, and apply the various tools, concepts, and principles of economics and quantitative methods to analyze and to develop solutions to economic problems in a clear and concise written form.
- SLO3. Demonstrate a "frontier" level competency and familiarity with the literature in the student's perceived specialty area.
- SLO4. Demonstrate the ability to conduct indepartent and original research in economics.
- SLO5. Have the skills necessary to qualify for teaching positions at the university and college levels, and for research positions in the public or private sector.

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Step to formulate ELOs

 $_{91}$ (1) Find out (survey, feedback, seminar,...) \rightarrow What are

- the <u>requirements</u> of accreditation body, benchmarked institution, labour market, NQF and/or professional body?
- the <u>requirements</u> of students, academic staff, alumni and employers?
- the <u>Vision</u>, Mission, Values and Graduate attributes of MU, faculty and/or department?
- (2) Translate all information of (1) to formulate your <u>Programme Goals</u> (Aims) and/or Programme Educational Objectives.
- (3) Formulate Expected Learning Outcomes (ELOs) of your programme

Exercise 1: Formulation of Expected Learning Outcomes (ELOs)



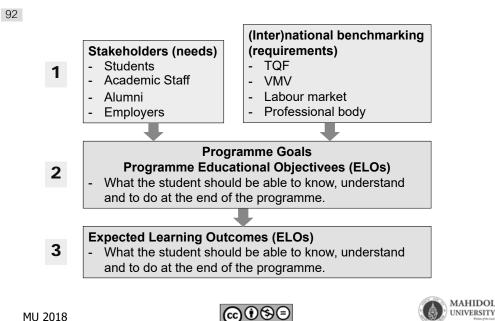
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Step to formulate ELOs



Exercise 1: Formulate Programme ELOs

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1) Formulate <u>Programme Goals</u> (Aims) and Programme Objectives)

Discuss in your group.

2) Formulate <u>Expected Learning Outcomes</u> (ELOs) of your programme. Then review:

- How each ELO statement looks <u>SMART</u>?
- How each ELO statement aligns with VMV-MU/FAC?
- How each ELO statement <u>aligns</u> with Programme Goals (Aims) and Programme Objectives?

Time is Yours: ...45.. min

Discuss in your group. 👔

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Alignment of Stakeholders' Requirements with ELOs

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No	ELO	NQF	student	Academic staff	Alumni	Employer
1		What?				
2			What?			
3				What?		
4					What?	
5						What?
6						
7						
8						

ELOs – After finished please review...

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	ELOs	VMV	PG/PEO		S	T	Т	
	ELOS	VIVIV	FG/FLO	S	М	А	R ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓	Т
ELO1		What?		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
ELO2			What?	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
ELO3				\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
ELO4				\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
ELO5				\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
ELO6				\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark

S = Specific, M = Measurable, A = Achievable, R = Relevant, T = Time scale

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Classification of ELOs

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	ELOs	к	Sk	ills	С	AUN	I-QA
	ELOS	n	Hard	Soft	C	Specific	Generic
ELO1							
ELO2							
ELO3							
ELO4							
ELO5							
ELO6							

K = Knowledge,

S = Skill,

A = Application and responsibility

(Competence, Application of knowledge and skills)



Align Teaching & Learning and Assessment Schemes with ELOs (Constructive Alignment)

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No	ELO	T&L Approach	Assessment Scheme
1		Depending on the level of taxonomy stated	Depending on the level of taxonomy stated
2			
3			
4		How to teach?	
5			How to access?
6			
7			

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5 Basic steps in a curriculum design based on OBE

Clearly defining the Expected Learning Outcomes

Backward Curriculum designed to align with ELOs

Construct Program Structure and Content that the sequence and integration are achieved.

Construct appropriate Course Syllabus that the alignment of CLOs with ELOs and constructive alignment of each course are achieved.

Review Program Constructive Alignment to ensure the ELOs can be achieved





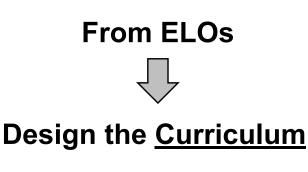
Example

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ELO according	Teaching method	Assessment and	Study Method
to Bloom		Evaluation method	
Knowledge -	Giving lectures	Oral test, written test,	Attending lectures
Remembering		MCQ	and Independent
		Presentation and Q&A	Study
Understanding /	Brain storming and pair	Class Test, Project-	Independent Study,
Applying	work	based assignment,	Practice
		Seminar	
Analyzing/Eval	Cooperative Learning	Project Assignment	Practice, Report
uating	Problem-based Teaching	Conduction Plan	Preparation
Creating	Teaching through Project	Project-based	Practice, Report
	Conduction, Situation	Assignment	Writing
	Examination, Simulation or	-	e e
	Conduction with the public		
	attendance		

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Using

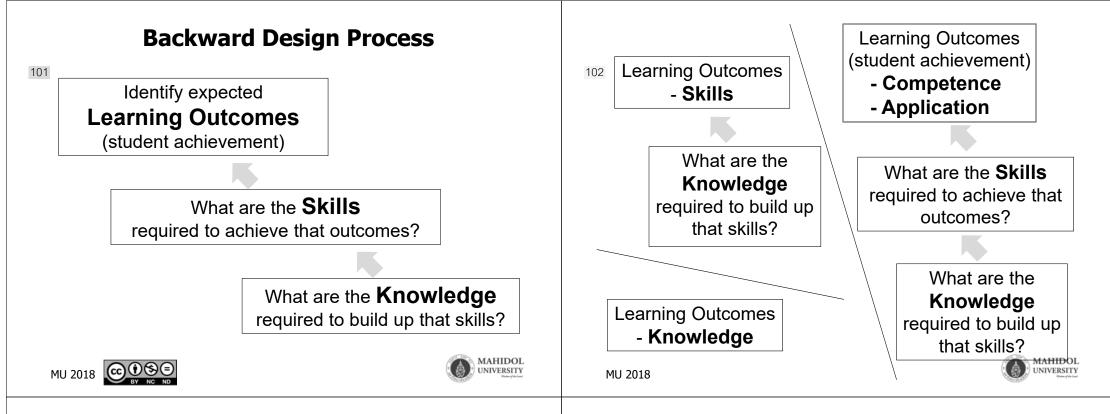
Backward Curriculum Design





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(2) Backward Design Curriculum, BDC

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ELO/ Competency	Specific Skills	Generic Skills	Knowledge
ELO 1	SS1	GS1	K1
		GS2	K2
			K3
	SS2	GS1	K2
			K4
	SS3	GS1	K1
		GS3	K2
			K5
ELO 2	SS3	GS3	K1
		GS4	K2
			K3

ELO4: Perform imaging of CT-brain in emergency

Specific Skills	Soft-Skills (Transferable skills)	Knowledge
1. Patient approach	Communication, Cultural	Declaration of Patient's rights,
	awareness, Professional ethics	Request, patient information
2. Patient preparation	Communication, Cultural	CT technology, Anatomy
and positioning	awareness, Professional ethics	
3. Handing of CT and	Decision making, Problem	CT technology, CT-Physics,
instrumentation	solving	PACS,
concerned		
4. Exposure techniques	Decision making, Professional	CT technology, CT-Physics,
	ethics	Anatomy
5. Radiation protection	Decision making, Problem	CT technology, CT-Physics,
_	solving	Biological effect, Anatomy
6. Quality control		CT technology, QC instrument
7. Image interpretation		CT technology, Image quality,
	EXC	Cross-sectional anatomy,
		Radiation pathology
8. Patient care	Communication, Problem	HPC, CPR
	solving, Professional ethics	
9. Clinical correlation	Working with the other	Clinical Labs, Pathology,
		Diseases



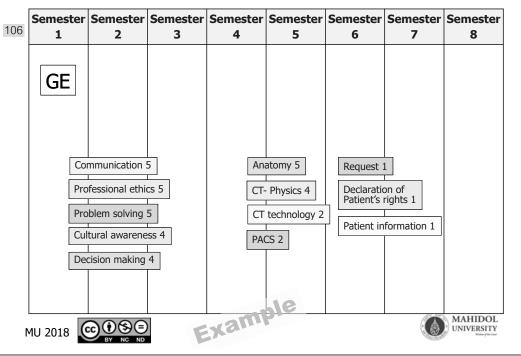
ELO4: Perform imaging of CT-brain in emergency

05	Specific Skills	Soft-Skills (Transferable skills)	Knowledge
	1. Patient approach	Communication	Patient information
		Cultural awareness	Declaration of Request
		Professional ethics	Patient's rights
	2. Patient preparation and positioning	Communication Cultural awareness Professional ethics	Anatomy CT technology
	3. Handing of CT and instrumentation	Decision making	PACS CT technology
	concerned	Problem solving	CT- Physics
	4. Exposure techniques	Decision making	Anatomy CT technology
	Example	Professional ethics	CT- Physics
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Combine into a subject/course

				ì		1	1
07	PLO/ Competency	Specific Skills	Subjects concerned	Soft-Skills	Subjects concerned	Knowledge	Subjects concerned
	Perform imaging of CT-brain in	1. Patient approach		Communication, Cultural awareness, Professional ethics		Declaration of Patient's rights, Request, patient information	
	emergency	2. Patient preparation and positioning		Communication, Cultural awareness, Professional ethics		CT technology, Anatomy	
		3. Handing of CT and nstrumentation concerned		Decision making, Problem solving		CT technology, CT- Physics, PACS,	
		4. Exposure techniques		Decision making, Professional ethics		CT technology, CT- Physics, Anatomy	
		5. Radiation protection		Decision making, Problem solving		CT technology, CT- Physics, Biological effect, Anatomy	
		6. Quality control				CT technology, QC instrument	
		7. Image interpretation	Ey	3		CT technology, Image quality, Cross-sectional anatomy, Radiation pathology	
		8. Patient care		Communication, Problem solving, Professional ethics		HPC, CPR	
6) () Se	9. Clinical correlation		Working with the other		Clinical Labs, Pathology, Diseases	

ELO4: Perform imaging of CT-brain in emergency



ELO 3: Develop, adapt and implement research methodologies to extend and redefine existing knowledge and/or professional practice

Specific skill	Generic skill	Knowledge
required	required	required
SS1	GS1 IT skill	 K1 Research
Develop research	GS2 Reading skill	methodology K2 Literature review K3 Professional
question	(English proficiency)	knowledge
SS2 Research plan	GS3 Decision making	K1 Research methodology
SS3	THESIS	



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ELO 3: Develop, adapt and implement research methodologies to extend and redefine existing knowledge and/or professional practice

Specific skill required	Generic skill required	TL	A	Knowledge required	TL	A
SS1 Develop research question	GS1 IT skill GS2 Reading skill (English proficiency)			K1 Research methodology K2 Literature review K3 Professional knowledge		
SS2 Research plan	GS3 Decision making			K1 Research methodology		
SS3						
		TH	ESIS			





Transform BCD to Courses, Modules, Activities

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From **BCD** of all ELOs, you can combine KNOWLEDGES and SKILLS to COURSES

For example: From ELO3,

Course C1 = K1 + K2 + K3

Course C2 = SS1 + GS1

Course C3 = K4 + SS2 + GS2

From the backward curriculum design ...

BDC: Approach of T&L

S E Q

> U E

N C E

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K3

TL/A

INTEGRATION

K4

TL/A

K1, K2

TL/A

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You can combine the related Knowledge, Skill, and Competence into

- Courses (subjects),
- Units,

ELO3

THESIS

SS2 + GS2

TL/A

SS1 + GS1

TL/A

- Modules, or
- Activities
- Sequencing the courses, units, modules and activities to make a study plan





BS – Conservation Biology

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ELO-D4#	Sk	ills¤	Knowledge¤
ELO-p4x	specific¤	generic¤	Knowledges
Jse-the-processes-and-	Demonstrate-scientific-inquiry,-	(G1)·Scientific·inquiry¶	(K8)·Population·biology·¤
methods of scientific.	computer·literacy,·numerical·	(G2)·Information·management¶	(K10)·Ecology¤
nquiry, computer literacy,	and statistical skills related to	(G4)·Numerical·and·statistical·	(K12) Conservation biology
numerical and statistical	biodiversity conservation¤	skills¤	(K13) Environmental science
skills to answer the			(K16) Geographic information system
research questions related			(K19)·Research·methodology¤
to∙biodiversity∙ conservation.¤			(K26) Statistical analysis
conservation.g			(K27) ·Information ·management ·and ·
			computer application x
	Solve-problems-by-using-the	(G1)·Scientific·inquiry¶	(K8)·Population·biology·¤
	scientific inquiry, computer	(G2)·Information·management¶	(K10)·Ecology¤
	literacy, numerical and	(G4)·Numerical·and·statistical·	(K12) Conservation biology
	statistical·skills·¤	skills¶	(K13) Environmental science
		(G5) Decision making	(K16) Geographic information system
		(G6) · Communication · skills ¶	(K19)·Research·methodology¤
		(G9)·Critical·thinking¶	(K26) Statistical analysis
		(G10) Holistic view	(K27) ·Information ·management ·and ·
		(G11)·Problem·solving¤	computer-application¤
		//	computer applications





Backward curriculum design

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Procedures:

- 1. From each ELO/Competence, determine the specific and/or generic skills need to achieve that ELO.
- 2. From each specific and/or generic skills, determine the knowledge need to achieve that particular skill.
- 3. Transform BCD to Courses and Activities

Time is yours: ...90... min



Exercise 2: Curriculum Design Using Backward design Technique





5 Basic steps in a curriculum design based on OBE

Clearly defining the Expected Learning Outcomes

Backward Curriculum designed to align with ELOs

Construct Program Structure and Content that the sequence and integration are achieved.

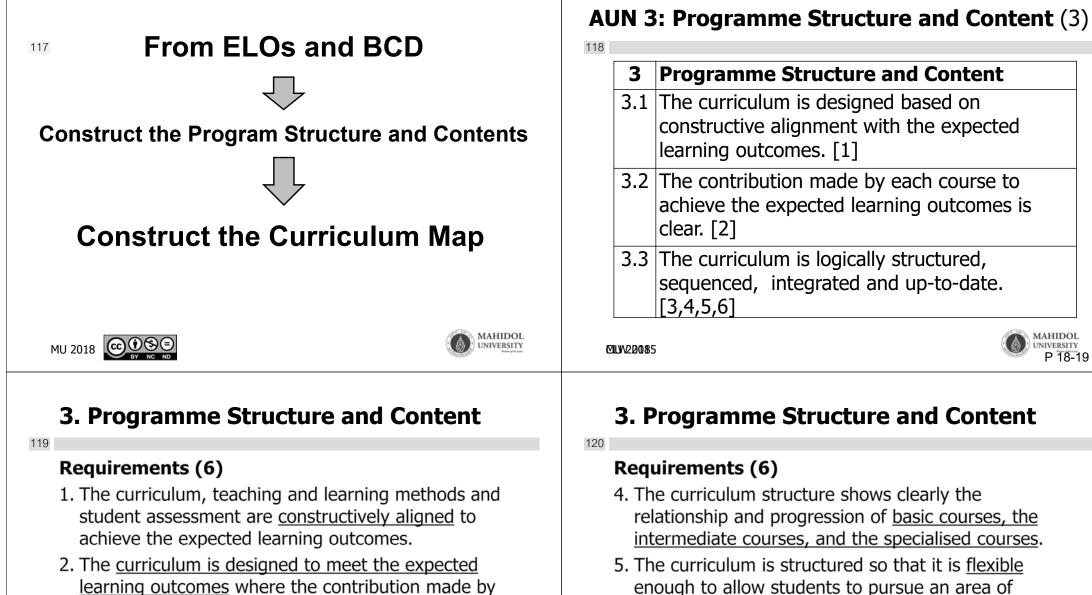
Construct appropriate Course Syllabus that the alignment of CLOs with ELOs and constructive alignment of each course are achieved.











- each course in achieving the programme's expected learning outcomes is clear. 3. The curriculum is designed so that the subject
- matter is logically structured, sequenced, and integrated.

- relationship and progression of basic courses, the intermediate courses, and the specialised courses.
- enough to allow students to pursue an area of specialisation and incorporate more recent changes and developments in the field.
- 6. The curriculum is reviewed periodically to ensure that it remains relevant and up-to-date





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Curriculum in OBE Framework

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QA at Programme Level

The **curriculum should be designed** so that

- the teaching activities, learning activities and assessment tasks are co-ordinated with the expected learning outcomes (Constructive Alignment at Programme Level), and
- the curriculum is logically **structured**, **sequenced and integrated**.

Programme structure

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GE	Entrance Assessment
Core Courses	Qualifying Program
Specialise Courses	
Electives	Core Courses
Senior project	Thesis, Thematic Paper, Dissertation
Internship	Internship, Fieldwork, Electives
Exit Assessment	
	Exit Assessment

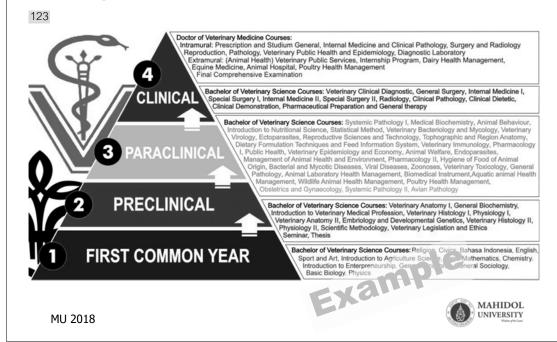
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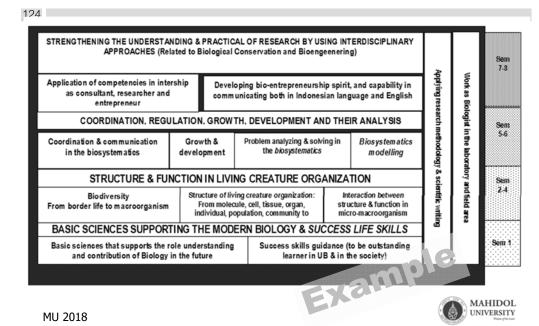
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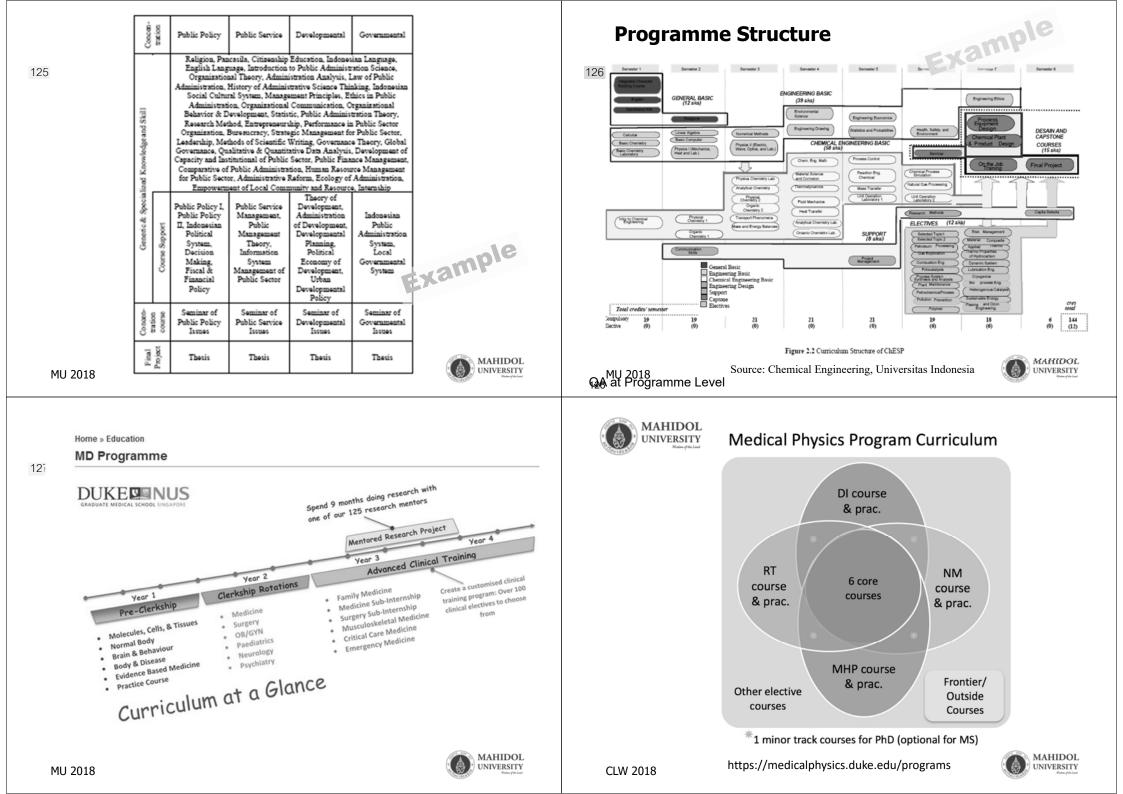


Programme structure of DVM



Curriculum Structure of BSP





How does your programme structure and contents look like?

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- STRUCTURE
- One unique specific specialty, Clearly seen?
- One specific specialty with selected sub-specialty, Clearly seen? – Or Major? Why?
- Why Plan A? Why Plan B? Why Both?
- Study plan?

CONTENTS

- Sequence and integration, Clearly seen?
- Qualifying Programme needs? Why?
- Timeline for Senior project, Thesis? Start?, Why?

แผนที่แสดงการกระจายความรับผิดชอบต่อผลการเรียนรู้จากหลักสูตรสู่รายวิชา

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Curriculum Mapping: The Process

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- Focused on curriculum and program learning outcomes
- Two-dimensional matrix representing courses on one axis and outcomes on the other
- Reflect Backwards Curriculum Design
- Identify which courses address which learning outcomes
- Indicate **Sequence and integration** of learning (all courses within the curriculum and ELOs)

	2010
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Curriculum Mapping of Courses and ELOs

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	CODE	NAME OF COURSE	CREDITS	LO1	LO2	LO3	LO4	LO5	LO6	L07	LO8	LO9
Sp	ecialized	d skills (specialized cours	ses)	I	1	1	I					
1		Subject 1	3	Х			Х					
2		Subject 2	3	Х			х		Х			
3		Subject 3	3	х		х	х			Х		
4		Subject 4	3	х			х	Х			Х	Х
5		Subject 5	3	х			х	Х			Х	
6		Subject 6	3	Х			X	X	X		Х	
7		Subject 7	3	х			JU.				Х	
8		Subject 8	3	X	NY.		X	Х	Х		х	Х

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<u>ที่มา</u> : แบบ มคอ.ษ รายละเอียดหลักสูตรวิทยาศาสตรบัณฑิต สาขาวิชาวิทยาศาสตร์การอาหาร หลักสูตรปรับปรุง พ.ศ.ษ๕๕๓ ม.สหศาสต

Curriculum matrix, example 1

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Table 1.2 Relationship between Courses and Expected Learning Outcomes (Continued)

	CTTCAAAAAA			ELO 1	ELO 2	ELO 3	ELO 4	ELO 5	ELO 6	EL07
27	CHS220802	Analytical Chemistry Lab.	1	5		1			3	1
28	CHS210801	Mass and Energy Balance	3		1	-	1	1		
29	CHS210802	Transport Phenomena	3	5	1	3	5	1		
30	CHS220804	Fluid Mechanics	3	5	1	1	5			1
31	CHS220805	Material Construction and Corrosion	3	5	1	1			4	3
32	CHS220806	Thermodynamics	3	5	1			1 1	5	5
33	CHS220807	Heat Transfer	3	5	1			1	5	5
34	CHS220801	Chemical Engineering Mathematics	3	5	1		5	1	5	1
35	CHS310802	Mass Transfer	4	5	1	2	5	1	5	1
36	CHS310803	Unit Operation Lab. 1	2	5	5	1	5	1	5	1
37	CHS320803	Unit Operation Lab. 2	2	5	5	1	5	1	5	1
38	CHS310804	Chemical Reaction Engineering	4	5	1	1	1	1	5	5
39	CHS310806	Process Control	3	5	1	5	1	1	5	1
40	CHS320801	Chemical Process Simulation	3	5	1	5	5	1	5	1
41	CHS320802c	Natural Gas Processing	3	5	1	4	5	1	5	5
42	CHS120801	Communication Skill	$^2 Nc$	te: The	fightes	in the F	IO col	umh rel	ateto	5
43	CHS310805	Project Management	2	1 5	r ° i	1 1	1	5 - 01	5	5
44	CHS320804	Research Methods	211	Vot dire	ctly rela	tted1to I	LO_{j}	1	5	1
45	CHS400803	Capita Selecta	220	Duite re	lated to	FID	1	5	4	5
46	CHS410801	Process Equipment Design	4	5	1	5	1	1	5	5
47	CHS410802	Chemical Plant and Product Design	431	Related	to ELO	5	5	5	5	5
48	CHS300805	Seminar	14	losely	related	to FLO	5	4	5	5
49	CHS400801	On the Job Training	2	6		c	105	5	5	5
50	CHS400802	Final Project	4 2 4	pecifica	illy rela	ited to E	LO_5	4	5	5
51	CHF410801c	Composite Material	3	4	1	1	1	4	5	4
52	CHF410802	Applied Thermodynamics	3	5	1	3	1	1	4	4
53	CHF410803	Dynamic Systems	3	4	Caulaat	Chemica	1 Entrino	minå II.	in 3 ite	Inder

Curriculum Map: Course matrix

135	COURSES	ELO1	ELO2	ELO3	ELO4	ELO5
	Core Courses					
	MU 510			K1,K2,K3		
	MU 520			SS1-GS1		
	Specialize Cour	ses				
	MU 610					
	MU 640					
	MU 690			K4, SS2-GS2 A		
	Fieldwork		SS1-9 / A	GS1-	4 / A	
	Thesis		SS1-9 / A		GS1	-4 /A

Curriculum map with educational taxonomy

Pa	sic courses						
Dd			L.	1			1
1	Subject 1	3	R			A	
2	Subject 2	3	R		Α		
Int	ermediate courses	;					
3	Subject 3	3	R	Α		A	
4	Subject 4	3	R			A	
Sp	ecialized courses	I		1		1	
5	Subject 5	3		Α	Α	E	E
6	Thesis	18		Α	Α	E	E



E = Evaluating / Creating





(3) Curriculum Map

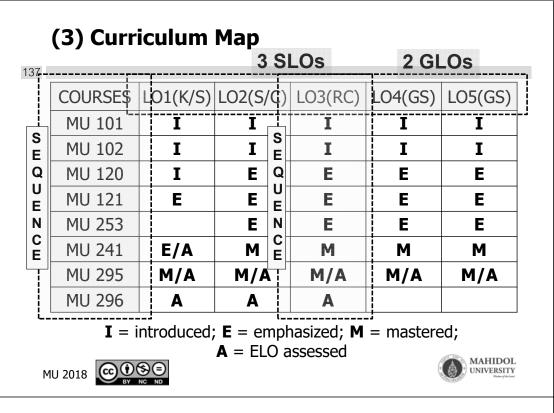
136						
	COURSES	LO1(K/S)	LO2(S/C)	LO3(RC)	LO4(GS)	LO5(GS)
	MU 101	Ι	I	Ι	Ι	Ι
	MU 102	Ι	Ι	Ι	Ι	Ι
	MU 120	Ι	E	E	E	Е
	MU 121	E	E	E	E	E
	MU 253		E	E	E	Е
	MU 241	E/A	М	М	Μ	М
	MU 295	M/A	M/A	M/A	M/A	M/A
	MU 296	Α	Α	Α		

I = introduced; **E** = emphasized; **M** = mastered; **A** = ELO assessed









Ph.D. – Economic Programme

	PhD Program Requirements	ELO1	ELO2	ELO3	ELO4	ELO5	ELO6	ELO7
139	Core Courses	I, R	I	I	I	I		
139	Qualifying Exams	R	R					I, A
	Field Courses	R	R	I, R	I, R	I, R	I, R	
	Research Seminar	R	R	R	I, R	R	R	R, A
	Electives	R	R	R	R	R	R	
	Proposal Defense	R, A	R, A	R, A	R, A	R	R	R
	Thesis Defense	M, A	М, А	M, A	M, A	м	м	R
	Thesis Submission	м	м	м	м	м	м	A

I = Introduced; R = Reinforced & opportunity to practice; M = Mastery at the senior or exit level; A = Assessment evidence collected

- 1. Demonstrate an understanding of economic theory and analytical and quantitative tools.
- 2. Demonstrate an ability to understand, integrate, and apply the various tools, concepts, and principles of economics and quantitative methods to analyze and to develop solutions to economic problems in a clear and concise written form.
- 3. Demonstrate a "frontier" level competency and familiarity with the literature in the student's perceived specialty area.
- 4. Demonstrate the ability to conduct independent and original research in volomics.
- 5. Have the skills necessary to qualify for teaching positions at the risk skills necessary to qualify for teaching positions at the risk skills necessary and college levels, and for research positions in the public or private sector.
- 6. Program graduates will be able to obtain employment that uses the level of expertise obtained in the Ph.D. program.
- 7. Complete these goals according to the timeline described in the graduate program guidelines.

(3) Curriculum Map 3 SLOs 2 GLOs 138_____ COURSE\$ LO1(K/S) LO2(S/C) LO3(RC) LO4(GS) LO5(GS) MU 101 Ι Educational Taxonomy S MU 102 Ι Ι (Level of Learning) >INTEGRATION Ε Q MU 120 Ε Ε U MU 121 E Е Е Е Ν Е Ε MU 253 F Ε С MU 241 E/A Μ Μ Μ Μ Е **M7**A M/A MU 295 M7A **M7A M/A** MU 296 Α Α А **I** = introduced; **E** = emphasized; **M** = mastered; $\mathbf{A} = ELO$ assessed MAHIDOL ເວ€€ UNIVERSITY MU 2018

Ph.D. - Communication and Information Sciences program

Key: I=Introduced, R=Reinforced, M=Mastered, A=Assessed

140 Program Element	SLO1	SLO2	SLO3	SLO4	SLO5
CIS 701: Communication/Information Theories	IRA	IRA			IR
CIS 702: Communication/Information	IRA	IRA			IR
Technologies					
CIS 703: Communication/Information Research	IRA	IRA	IRA	IR	IR
Methods					
CIS 704: Special Topics in CIS	IRA	IRA			IR.
CIS 720: Interdisciplinary Seminar in CIS	IR	IR	IR	IR	IRM
Research methods course outside CIS	IRMA	IR	IR	IR	
Coursework to prepare for secondary exams	IRMA				
Coursework to prepare for primary exam	IRMA	IRMA			
Secondary Exams (2)	A	A			
Primary Exam	A	A	A		A
Faculty Mentoring Program			IR	IR	RM
CIS 699 Directed Research	RM	RM	RM	RM	RM
Research Publication Requirement			MA	IRA	MA
Dissertation Proposal (including defense)			RMA	IRA	MA
Dissertation (including defense)			MA	IRMA	MA

- (SLO1) Demonstrate understanding of research methods and subject knowledge in the field of Communication and Information Sciences
- (SLO2) Synthesize diverse data, theories, and methods
- (SLO3) Demonstrate the ability to conduct research
- (SLO4) Propose and conduct original research
- (SLO5) Develop and articulate a professional identity as a contributing member of a research community



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Example

								Kn	owle	dge					Skills	5			Attit	ude	
5/N	Course title	Code Course	Credit	Lecture	Practice	Self-study	ELO1.1	EL01.2	EL01.3	EL01.4	EL01.5	EL02.1	ELO2.1	ELO2.3	ELO2.4	EL02.5	ELO2.6	EL02.7	ELO3.1	ELO3.2	EL03.3
				Cred	it hot	ırs	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
42	Geography of Vietnam	GEO3231	5	45	25	5		2		3	2			2					x	x	x
43	Nature Fieldtrip	GEO2303	2		30		2	2		2	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	x	x	x
44	Practice on Geodesy	GEO3210	2	10	15	5	3	2	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	x	x	x
45	Physical Geography Fieldtrip	GEO3226	2		30		2	2		2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	x	x	x
46	Fieldtrip for specific purposes	GEO4070	2		30		3	2		3	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	x	x	x
47	Essay	GEO4071	2		30		3	2		3	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	x	x	x
V.2	Elective courses		13/ 89			-			-	-	-									-	
48	Landscape science and applications	GEO3212	4	25	25	10		2		3	4	4				3			x	x	x
49	Environmental Economics and Ecological Economics	GEO3213	2	20	5	5		2		3	4	3				3			x	x	x
	Methods and technologies for																				

MU 2018

Construct programme structure and a curriculum map

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Procedures:

- 1. Construct a programme structure by using the results of Backward Curriculum Design
- 2. Construct a curriculum mapping of your programme by using the results of Backward Curriculum Design

Time is yours: min

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Exercise 3: Construct programme structure and a curriculum map





Note to review your map

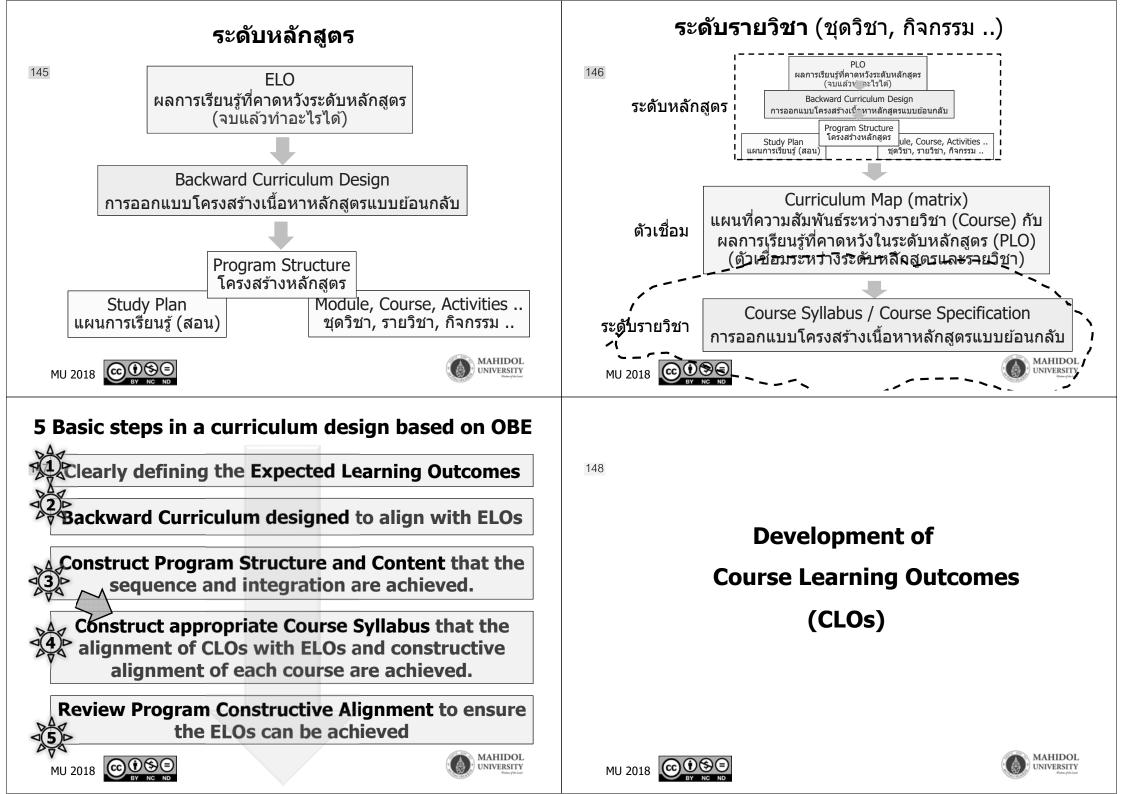
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- How does the sequences and integration of the courses or modules structures?
- Do all the key courses address at least one outcome?
- Do multiple offerings of the same course address the same outcomes at the same levels?
- Do some outcomes get more coverage than others?



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	ELO1	ELO2	ELO3	ELO4	ELO5	150	ELO3		iching and ssessmen	l Learning t Schemes
Core Course	s		- 				THESIS TL/A			
MU 501	K5/SS1			GS1				MU 520	= (K7 + S	-
MU 502		K6/SS2	K6/SS4		GS2				+ (K8 +	SS5)
MU 520	K7/SS3		K8/SS5		GS2		MU 695 TL/A		+ GS2	Ś E
Specialize Co	ourses	I	1							Q
MU 621	SS6			GS1			MU 641 TL/A			U
MU 641		SS7	SS8		GS2				<	E
MU 695	SS9	SS10	SS11/A	GS3	GS4	1	́ MU 520 ↔ N	1U 502	К4 Т	
THESIS		SS1-11		GS	1-4					L C E
				CCE) I	C 57	MU	2018 Constructive A	lignment	at course	e level
MU 520 : CLOs sho	IC ND	-	-	-		152	Constructive A MU 520: (K7 CLO 1:	+ SS3) + (k	(8 + SS5) +	GS2 (FLO)
CLOs sho	= (K7 + 3 puld be dev	veloped	from C	M and B	SCD	152	Constructive A	+ SS3) + (k	(8 + SS5) +	GS2 (FLO)
	= (K7 + 3 puld be dev	veloped Learnin	from Cl g Outco	M and B me (CLO	SCD D) ELO	152	Constructive A MU 520: (K7 CLO 1:	+ SS3) + (k + Object + N	(8 + SS5) + Nodification	GS2 (ELO) . (ELO) . (ELO)
CLOs sho K/S	= (K7 + S ould be dev Course	veloped Learnin erb + Obj	from Cl g Outco ject + mc	M and B me (CLC	SCD D) ELO n 1	152	Constructive A MU 520: (K7 CLO 1: CLO 2: Action Verb	+ SS3) + (k + Object + N	(8 + SS5) + Nodification	GS2 (ELO) . (ELO) . (ELO)
CLOs sho K/S K7	Course Action ve	veloped Learnin erb + Obj erb + Obj	from Cl g Outco ject + mo ject + mo	M and B me (CLC odification	BCD D) ELO n 1 n 3	152	Constructive A MU 520: (K7 CLO 1: CLO 2: Action Verb CLO 3 CLO 4	+ SS3) + (k + Object + M CLO	(8 + SS5) + Nodification	GS2 (ELO) (ELO) (ELO) (ELO) Assessmen

Formulation of a course learning outcomes (CLOs)

Procedures:

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- 1. Select a course (subject) in the curriculum map
- 2. Using the relationship of the course in curriculum map and BCD with ELO to construct CLOs.
- 3. Please aware of sequence and integration of student learning



Exercise 4: Formulation of **Course Learning Outcomes**



Homework

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- 1: Expected Learning Outcomes
- 2: Backward curriculum design
- 3: Programme structure, study plan
- 4. Curriculum mapping (constructive alignment)
- 5: Course Learning Outcomes

What's next...... When?